

Waddle, Stewart & Rennie,

Have the pleasure to inform
THEIR FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC,
That they have purchased

The following Investments,

VIZ.

CAPTAIN THOMPSONS,

OF

The Lord 7 burlew;
AND A CHOICE SELECTION

FROM
CAPTAIN BURROWES,

OF

The Francis.

Which will be exposed for sale at their House
in the Fort, as low as landed.

An allowance will be made to those who may
receive any of these goods, before they
are sold.

THEY CONSIST CHIEFLY OF

The following Articles:

CLARET, Hack, and Port Wine, from
Stockdale, Brown and Whitford, and
Samuel Edwards.

Cyter, and Perry from Palmer.
Ale and Porter, in H gals and Butts,
from H d'glon.

Essence of Norece, Vermacillie, and Mac-
kavene. Dried Pine Apples, and Jew
Bark in Cask. Pickled Nuts Tongues,
Dried and Pickled Herrings,

Pickled and Salted Salmon,
Pickles, Catches, Essences; and Fish
Sauces.

Hams, Cheeses, Oat-meal; and Barley,
Hams, Jellies, Fruit for Tarts, Dried
fruit, French Plums, Pistachio Nuts, Al-
monds, Raisins, and Confits.

A Choice assortment of Books, Stationary,
and Cards.

Hosiery, Hatts, Superfine Lady's Cloth,
Cassimers, Flannels, &c.

Furniture.

Mahogany side Board with Knives, Forks,
and Plate to match.

Lady's Commodore, Writing Desks, and
Book Cases.

Wardrobes, Breakfast, Dining, Card,
and Pembroke, Tables,
Folding Camp-Chairs, Portable Night
Stools, Carriage Stools, and Gentlemen's
Tool Chests.

Musie.

From Longman and Broderip, viz.
Patent Grand Piano Forte's, and Organs,
with Flute and Tabour.

Also, a Choice assortment of Musical Instru-
ments, consisting of Flutes, Clarinets, Flutes, and a
great variety of Musical Wire,
Violin Strings, &c. &c.

Fort St. George, 9th Sep. 1795.

Madeira Wine.

A FEW PIPES OF VERY EXCELLENT

London Particular and London Market,

MADEIRAWINE;

of the Vintage 1795.

CONSIGNED FROM ONE OF THE FIRST

HOUSE OF THE ISLAND.

Are received, and now selling on Commission

BY

Messrs. ROEBUCK, ABBOTT & CO.

Watches.

HUGH GORDON, most respectfully
informs his Friends, and the Public
in General, that he has just received per
the Minerva, a very Capital Assortment of
GOLD-WATCHES, on the most Approved
Principles:

Consisting of

Chronometers, — Repeaters, — Duplex,
Horizontal and Vertical; the whole of which
Mr. Gordon pledges himself to be of the
first Quality, ever sent to India, as he has
the greater part made with his own hands,
and finished by one of the first Workmen in
London.

ALSO

A very Elegant Assortment of Diamond
Jewellery, &c.

AND

A Variety of Silver Plate.

Madeira Wine.

WARRANTED of a very Superior
Quality, — Sale at 120 Pagodas
per Pipe, apply to HUGH GORDON and
LUSHINGTON.

Mr. Benjamin Richardson,

SECOND OFFICER

OF

THE MINERVA.

BEGS leave to inform the Ladies and
Gentlemen of the Settlement, that find-
ing the Godown, he had taken it St. Thome
Street, very inconvenient, he has removed

HIS INVESTMENT

To the Upper House of

Brown & Ashton,

Next Door to the Mayor's Court;

Where he has exposed for sale,

The following Articles:

TABLES AND DRINKABLES,

Ale and Porter,
Hams and Cheeses,
Pickles — Tongues — Raisins — Almonds —
Confectionary, &c.

Elegant Prints, in Gold Burnished Frames,
Modern Prints, without Frames.

Furniture.

Solid Mahogany Dining Tables,
Beds — Tea Chests — Children's Chairs —
Liquor Cases — Gout-Stools,

AND

Sundry other Articles.

Stationary.

A large Assortment of Boxes of Stationary,
well assorted.

Jewellery.

Some of the newest-fashioned Ladies Ear-
Rings and Neck Chains — Gentlemen's
Watch Chains and Seals — Silver Shoe
Buckles — Latchets, &c.

Boots — Shoes — Hatts — Saddlery — Whips —
Gloves — Ladies and Gentlemen's Silk
and Cotton Hosiery.

Tin-Ware.

Consisting of

Large Cradle Spits,
Block Tin Curry-Dishes,
Frying-Kettles,

Mulling Pots,
Coffee-Pots,
Sauce-Pans,
Cheese-Toasters,

Palanquins, Gigs, and Chariot, Moons and
Lanterns,

Japan-Ware, an Assortment,
Block Tin Tea-Kettles,
Brass Candles,
Japan Spice Boxes,

A Portable Japan Wash-hand Stand and Ba-
son, with Plated Furniture, and Ever for
outdo.

Telephones, a capital assortment,
Queen's Ware, and a great variety of
Glass-Ware,

AND

A variety of other European Articles.

The above GOODS are from the First
Houses, and will be warranted.

Mr. RICHARDSON hopes, that the very
short time he has to stay, will sufficiently
apologize for his not exhibiting any GOODS
without READY MONEY.

Advertisement.

M. R. LAURENCE, respectfully ac-
quaints the LADIES and GENTLE-
MEN of the Settlement, that he continues
the Exhibition of the

CABINET OF CURCIUS,

AND

OPTIC OF ZALER.

according to the former Advertisement, on
the Evening of TUESDAY, THURSDAY,
and SATURDAY, from the hours of 5 until
10 o'clock.

TICKETS to be had at Mr. ARM-
STRONG'S SHOP, and at the door of
MACKAY'S GARDEN.

Probate of Will.

PROBATE of the last Will and Testa-
ment to the Estate and Effects of SA-
MUEL CHAPLIN, deceased, having passed
the Seal of the Honorable the Mayor's
Court of Matra-patnam to ELIZABETH
CHAPLIN, as Executrix and Relict of the
said deceased — Notice is hereby given, that
all such Persons who stand Indebted to the
said Estate do immediately pay their re-
spective Debts to the said Executrix; and
those who have Claims on the Estate do
make the same known as above.

Madras, 1st September, 1795.

Hope, Card, & Reynolds,

BEG leave to inform their Friends and
the Public, that they are now receiving
the Choice Investment of Captain HUNT,
brought out on the Hillsborough Indiaman,
consisting of Claret, Hock, Perry and Cy-
der, Cherry and Raspberry Brandy, Rasp-
berry Rum, Tent in Brandy, Mountain
Wine, &c. and Dried Sweetmeats in the high-
est preservation — fine Macaroni — Hams,
Cheese, and Pickles — Tongues, salted Sal-
mon, and Herrings — fine Cit Glaze Ware,
Queen's Ware, &c. &c. — Garden Seeds —
Strong and Pale Ale, in Casks — Fine and
Coarse Cutlery — Perfumery, Hatts, Boots
and Shoes — Silk and Cotton Hosiery — Fashion-
able Faint Silk Breaches Pieces — Stationary
and Cards — A choice collection of Books,
amongst which are a few Copies of the Gal-
lery of Fashion — Pharon and Bandy Har-
nelles, with Collars — Bandy and other
Whips — Saddles, Bridles and Spare Saddlery
— Crickets and Trap Batts and Balls, Fives
Balls, &c. — Ladies' Shoes — A fine Assort-
ment of Military Feathers, white, red, yellow,
green and blue — Ironmongery consisting
of Door and Padded Locks, Bolts and Hinges,
Screws, Nails, &c. — Tool Chests — fine large
Pier Looking Glasses, Dressing ditto, and
Glasses for Pictures, &c. — Furniture consist-
ing of Dining, Card, and Pembroke Ta-
bles, Wardrobes, Bureau and Book-cases,
Bird Cages, &c.

H. C. and R. have fixed the lowest Price
possible on their Goods for Ready Money;
and as they have a large Quantity of Goods
only on Commission, they cannot allow the
Dubah's Custom.

Hope, Card and Reynolds,

HAVE likewise received from Captain
HUNT a few Pipes of London Particular
Madeira, warranted to have been to the West
Indies previous to his shipping it in London.

To be disposed

BY LOTTERY.

TWO DWELLING HOUSES; Situated
near Mr. POPHAM'S HOUSE
in the BLACK TOWN. The Houses are
valued at 1800 Pagodas. — Tickets at TEN
PAGODAS each, may be had of Mr.
GAUDIN, at St. Austen Room in the
Fort, where a Plan of the Houses is lodged,
and further Particulars may be known.

The Courier.

MADRAS—SEPTEMBER 9th, 1795.

GOVERNMENT have directed the Hon-
orable Company's Ships, the MINERVA and
HILLSBOROUGH, lately arrived from Eng-
land, to be fitted out as Vessels of War, and
to be manned and armed for immediate ser-
vice in the Coast of Europe in the event of
any disturbance on the shore.

On the 3d instant, a Salute of Twenty Six
Guns was fired from the Garrison, announc-
ing the Surrender of Fort Orthenburg, to the
British Troops, Commanded by COLONEL
SPURGEON.

The official accounts of this important ac-
quisition, were received by Major ACKROY,
who arrived on the John Backet, from Trin-
comally early on Thursday-morning the 3d
Instant.

The proceedings prior to the Surrender
of Fort Orthenburg are as follows.

On the 30th ultimo an Officer was de-
puted from Fort Orthenburg, requesting that
Colonel Stuart would send an Officer to meet
the Commandant of the Garrison; an Offi-
cer was accordingly sent on the morning of
the 31st when the Fort was surrendered, and
the Garrison were made Prisoners of War. Sixty
Guns, Disasters had come in to the British
Camp on the preceding Evening.

At 10 o'clock on the 31st Instant, the Dutch
Troops marched out when Major JARVIS,
with the Flank Companies of His Ma-
jesty's 72d Regiment, took immediate pos-
session of the place, and a Royal Salute from
the Breaching Guns was fired upon the oc-
casion.

The returns of Ordnance and other Stores
taken in Fort Orthenburg, has not yet been
made public. In the latter Fort, was found
different Calibers of Gun powder, 106 Cannon
of different Calibers, of which 47 are fine Brass
Guns, and a proportion quantity of round
and grape shot, and other military Stores.

The Royal Admiral, and L'Esperance, were
despatched for England on the 1st Instant,
with the pleasing Intelligence, of the reduc-
tion of this important Fort.

The Salmen landed from His Majesty's
Ships, and which are said, from their good
conduct and spirited exertions, to have re-
ceived the approbation and thanks of Col.
STUART, were Commodore HAYWARD, and
Mr. Staines of the Suffolk, who were also at-
tached to the Party, amounting nearly to
300 Men.

COMMODORE RAINIER, with His Ma-
jesty's Ships the Suffolk and Cambrin, it is
said, intended to proceed to Madras in a few
days after the reduction of the Fort Orthen-
burg. The Commodore's arrival may of
consequence, be expected in the course of a
few days.

By the BOMBAY, Capt. Robertson, ar-
rived on the 3d Instant from PENANG, we have
received Intelligence that the French Ships
the PRUDENT, of 32 Guns, the CIBELLE of
44 Guns, and the COURIER, of 18 Guns,
have made several important Captures, to the
great injury of our Trade, on the Coast of
Peder, and in the Straights of Sund.

The vessels Captured by the above Fri-
gates, are—THE CROKAT, the ARMENIAN
MERCHANT, and the TAZBUX, of Bombay,
THE LACHIRI, and the FORT LOUIS, of Mad-
ras. — THE PENANG GRAB, the BOM SUC-
CRARIO, the LA NYMPH of Rotterdam, and a
number of small Vessels and Java Vessels.

It was said that the French Commodore
RENAUD, had threatened an attack of PENANG,
in consequence of which Captain NEWMAN,
had warped the Orpheus, close in shore; and
Captain GLOFF, who commands the Artillery
on the Island, had also prepared the Fur-
naces, for the hearing of Shot; indeed every
other preparation for putting the Island into
a respectable line of defence, was going for-
ward with the utmost Activity.

The French Ships anchored off Malacca,
on the 19th of July, & captured a Portuguese
vessel, in sight of that Port.

The Suffolk Tender, we learn, had parted
from the Resiance, in a Gale of Wind, and
had bore up for Pulo Penang.

On Sunday Evening about seven o'clock, ar-
rived the American Ship, the Anna, from the
Isle of Pinang, on which sailed the late Ultimo.

She brings information to the tuberculous effect.
That immediately prior to the sailing of the
Anna, an American Schooner, the General
Grant, had arrived at the Island, last from the
Cape of Good Hope, which left on the 22d of
June, and had brought the following intelli-
gence.

That a British Squadron under the command of
Admiral George Elphinstone, consisting of the
unmentioned ships:

Alfred—74—Admiral Elphinstone,
Atreus—40—Captain Jackson,
America—40—Captain Stanbury,
Victorious—40—Captain Clarke,
Slatey—64—Ruby—64—

With several frigates, had arrived at False Bay
on the 18th of June; and found there three
British 74 Gun Ships, commanded by Commo-
dore Blackett.

It is said that Admiral Elphinstone's Squadron
had on board two King's Regiments, under the
Command of General Gage, and that 3000
infantry troops were hourly expected, to board a
fleet of Indiamen.

The Indiamen, it is supposed, are the same which
have gone to rendezvous at the Janeiro.

The Admiral had demanded the surrender of
the Cape, which the Dutch Government re-
fused to comply, unless he should receive orders
to that Effect from Holland.

Preparations were making for the defence
of the Town; and there was little doubt
concerning, but the Cape Town would be in
the possession of the English, even before the arrival
of the additional Troops.

Letters by the ANNA confirm the Intelligence
published in our former GAZETTE, of a British
Ship of War being launched off the Isle of France
in order to intercept any French or Dutch Ves-
sels, either laden with stores, or charged with
Intelligence from entering the Mauritius; a cir-
cumstance, joined with the number of ships and
Troops detached to this country, which would
encourage a belief that the Isle is no longer
a foreign object to the naval empire of India.

An English Squadron was duly expected at the
Island, at the time of the Anna's departure; and
such preparations (as in the present condition
of affairs, could be made) were making for their
reception, but although every individual of the
dread men were under arms, and the place not
ill provided with stores, it was generally believed
and felt, that from the entire absence of dis-
cipline and subordination in the troops, the Island
would become a very easy conquest.

The Crokat, a Prize to the French Frigate,
mentioned in our last Gazette, had arrived at the
Mauritius.

An American Brig, had also arrived at the
Island, from New York, which spoke Four East
Indiamen under the command of CAPT. LIN-
COLN, of the Cape of Good Hope.

The above Ships form part of the Fleet of the
present Year, destined to meet the French at the
Isle of Pinang.

The Ship ANNA, of New York, from Bour-
deaux, which place she left on the 10th April,
had brought Intelligence to the Island, that six
of the line and full of the line, six down,
and six frigates with 10000 troops, were to
depart from Bourdeaux for the Cape, four days after
her departure. — It was supposed that this is the
Liquor which has been looked for in India, for
she is to be sent to India, for
she is to be sent to India, for

[Continued]

Oriental Scenery.

PROPOSALS
FOR PUBLISHING
TWENTY-FOUR VIEWSHINDOSTAN,
FROM THE DRAWINGSOF
Mr. Thomas Daniell;

To be Engraved by himself.

THESE VIEWS are intended to display, in a diversified Series, the beautiful, sublime and characteristic features of that country, with regard both to Pictureque Nature and the Architectural Productions, of ancient and modern Age.

Mr. Daniell, flatters himself that his long residence in India, his various and extensive travels through many parts that had not been visited by Artists, and some not even explored by Europeans, has enabled him considerably to improve, by the novelty, variety and accuracy of his collections, the general stock of Oriental information; and therefore; while he indulges a hope that the choice of many of his Scenes will gratify the admirers of beautiful Nature, the variety of the whole, he presumes, will afford no less pleasure to those who delight in the study of India History, of Mohammedan and Hindoo Architecture, and particularly the sacred Reliquies of that extraordinary country.

The following are the Places now Selected for Engraving and Publication:

- 1. *Reflections of the Jumna Musjed at Delhi.*
- 2. *Hindoo Temple at Bhadrabandi, on the river Jumna.*
- 3. *Side View of the Cotton Bhang, on the river Jumna, Delhi.*
- 4. *Remains of an ancient Building near Feroz Shah's Cotilla, Delhi.*
- 5. *The Mausoleum of Nadoodin Shah Dawlat, at Moneera, on the river Sone.*
- 6. *Gate leading to the Mausoleum of the Emperor Akbar, in Secunderabad, near the city of Agra.*
- 7. *Part of the City of Patna, on the river Ganges.*
- 8. *Rije Cant, the principal Road up to Rotas Shar, Bahar.*
- 9. *The principal Gate leading to Taje Mahal at Agra.*
- 10. *Ruins, the ancient city of Gour, (formerly on the banks of the river Ganges).*
- 11. *An ancient Hindoo Temple in the Fort of Roost.*
- 12. *The Annahad part of the Palace in the Fort of Alahabad.*
- 13. *Part of the Fort built by Shere Shah - Delhi.*
- 14. *Ramnagar opposite to Benares, built by Bulwant Sing.*
- 15. *The Ache Bhur, a sacred Tree at Gya Bahar.*
- 16. *Mausoleum of Sultan Chifero, at Alahabad.*
- 17. *Dufasade Ghat at Benares, on the Ganges.*
- 18. *The Chalces Satoon on Jumna, Alahabad.*
- 19. *Hindoo Temple at Nobutta, on the river Ganges.*
- 20. *View of Hindoo Temples at Angource on the river Sone.*
- 21. *North West View of Part of Rotas Gur, in Bahar.*
- 22. *The Jumna Musjed at Delhi.*
- 23. *Gate leading to the Musjed at Chunar Gnr.*
- 24. *Mausoleum in the garden of Sultan Chifero, Alahabad.*

CONDITIONS.

The size of the PLATE 25 inches by 19. The Price to Subscribers for the whole Twenty-four Views, coloured in the manner of Original Drawings, will be 200 Sicca Rupees; uncoloured 140 Rupees; half the Subscription to be paid upon the delivery of the first twelve Views, which will certainly be sent out to India by the earliest ship of the Season 1796.

Those Gentlemen who would wish to be become Subscribers are requested to leave their Names with Messrs. Cockerell, Trail, and Co. at Calcutta; or Messrs. Porcher, Redhead and Co. at Madras.

Advertisement.

MR. SHARP presents his most Respectful Compliments to the Settlement, and the Gentlemen upon the Coast, and begs leave to Inform them that he has just Received by the HILLSBOROUGH, BOWYER'S ELEGANT HISTORY OF ENGLAND—Thirteen Numbers of the WORK are now arrived, which Mr. SHARP desires to deliver their AGENTS at MADRAS, to Receive the same.

A few more COPIES may be had at Messrs. SHARP and HEEFKES, that are not Subscribed for.

Advertisement.

Madras Charitable Lottery.

THE Holders of Tickets not drawn in the second Class, are hereby informed that the additional sum of Five Star Pagodas, will be received at the Office of Messrs. Sharp and Heefkes, at the Cornhill Bank, at all the different Houses in Madras—and at Pondicherry by Messrs. De Burjoes Sijunap, and Co. where the respective Tickets were first purchased, and where he delivered in lieu thereof every day Sundas excepted between the hours of 10 o'clock in the Forenoon, and 2 o'clock in the Afternoon, until the 10th of October, being one day before the drawing of the Third or last Class.

The Public are requested to take Notice, that no Payment can be received without the Original Tickets, nor after the above-mentioned day, and all the holders who may omit to make payment on or before that day, will lose the benefit of their Tickets.

The Third Class commences drawing precisely on Monday the 12th of October next.

Lottery.

TICKETS Corresponding with those in the THIRD CLASS of the MALE ASYLUM and BRIDGE LOTTERY, will be sold by J. HUNTER, at SEVENTEEN PAGODAS each. The Number of any Ticket purchased of him that may be drawn a Prize in the Third Class will be paid Three Days after the Drawing is concluded, without any deduction whatever; Security for the Payment is lodged at the British Bank. Prizes in the SECOND CLASS, and in the EXCHANGE LOTTERY, will be taken in Exchange.

At the close of the Drawing and in the event of the Sale of all the Tickets, Four Thousand Pagodas will be allotted and made over to such Trustees as may be appointed for the management of the Fund, to be employed in the construction of a Bridge or Light House, as may be determined hereafter, and its full Number of Tickets be sold the Sum to be in proportion.

TO BE DISPOSED OF
A bandon. Europe Chariot,
AND

A Pair of Steady Grey Horses,

WELL BROKE IN;
WITH HARNESS, &c.A fashionable Europe Phaeton,
VERY LITTLE USED.FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS,
TO APPLY TO

Mr. URQUHART, at the COURIER OFFICE.
Fort St. George, Aug. 25th, 1795.

Madras Exchange Lottery.

THE MADRAS EXCHANGE LOTTERY, is now Drawing in the Southern Division of the EXCHANGE. The Days of Drawing are Mondays and Thursdays, 250 Tickets are drawn each day—the hours of attendance, for selling and examining Tickets on the days of Drawing are from 8 to 12, and in the intermediate days from 8 till 12 in the forenoon, and from 6 till 8 in the Evening.

Tickets warranted undrawn are ready for sale at the times above-mentioned Prizes either in the Exchange or Madras Lotteries will be taken in payment, deducting the 10 per Cent.

P. M. CASSIN,

Agent to the Exch. Com.
Madras Exchange, July 1st, 1795.Madras Exchange Lottery,
FOR 1795.

LOTTERY SCHEME.

Star Pagodas 100,000.	
To be divided into 10,000 Shares or Tickets, at 10 Pagodas each.	
1 Prize of	Star Pagodas 10,000
1 Prize of	5000 cash
4 Ditto, of	1000
8 Ditto, of	500
18 Ditto, of	250
40 Ditto, of	100
80 Ditto, of	50
2500 Ditto, of	20
1 Prize allotted to the First Drawn, 500	
1 Ditto, ditto. Last Drawn, 5000	
9103 Prizes	
6895 Blanks	
10000 Tickets.	Star Pagodas, 100000

Exchange Lottery.

State of the Wheel.

AT THE CLOSE OF THE TWENTIETH DAY'S DRAWING,
Monday, the 7th September, 1795.

PRIZES DRAWN.

1 Prize as First Drawn, Page 500	
1 ditto of	1000
4 ditto of 500 each, ...	2000
8 ditto of 250 ditto, ...	2000
21 ditto of 100 ditto, ...	2100
50 ditto of 50 ditto, ...	2500
144 ditto of 20 ditto, ...	2880

1526 Prizes, amounting to Star Pagodas, 38,950

3171 Blanks.

5000 Tickets Drawn.

5000 Do. Undrawn.

10,000 Tickets.

PRIZES IN THE WHEEL.

1 Prize of Pagodas, ...	10,000
2 ditto of 5000 each, ...	10,000
3 ditto of 1000 ditto, ...	3000
4 ditto of 500 ditto, ...	2000
10 ditto of 250 ditto, ...	2500
19 ditto of 100 ditto, ...	1900
33 ditto of 50 ditto, ...	1650
1509 ditto of 20 ditto, ...	30180

4598 Prizes, amounting to Star Pagodas, 56,080

1 ditto allotted as Last Drawn, 5,000

The Wheel is above paid 10000 Star Pagodas.

The Price of Tickets Warranted Undrawn, is Eighteen Pagodas each.

Madras Exchange Lottery.

THE NINETEENTH DAY'S DRAWING,
Thursday, the 3d September, 1795.

No. 700 5734 8153 1304 Prizes of 50 Pagodas each.

Prizes of 20 Pagodas,

702 7374 9244 5758 2866 2002 2000 5301

83-6 8078 6465 50 8407 2648 1808 4000

321 4206 3850 5740 0438 8857 4755 5785

2938 683 7751 3094 3316 4872 3478 5634

9211 1331 7218 3321 316 996 2091 3245

1215 9775 8930 1845 1994 410 6502 5244

6350 8084 3581 4007 7244 2341 5331 7410

888 5997 9271 3187 6877 5591 4473 6163

9412 8434 3897.

THE TWENTIETH DAY'S DRAWING,
Monday, the 7th September 1795.

No. 5875 a Prize of 50 Pagodas.

Prizes of 20 Pagodas, each.

4373 7802 7150 6650 7253 1889 7605 226

9352 1805 4887 503 8032 5218 7608 3907

1879 8184 534 8985 752 2710 9412 3379

7094 1008 9745 4934 5270 3556 4981 7754

4078 0405 3707 0327 7819 5159 3266 1114

2108 1214 3246 3241 2650 7143 906 8202

5027 4030 4020 1388 5770 6873 7179 2618

4831 4418 3839 7079 9121 2061 6300 7211

3702 7125 9810 2408 1118 3181 4212 5970

9360 8028 7313 2146 7211.

MADRAS LOTTERY.

FOR
ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND
SAND STAR PAGODAS.

Under the Management and Direction of
Messrs. PORCHER, REDHEAD, and Co.

COLT, BAKER, and Co. BAKER, CHALL, SEWELL, and CHASE, TRILLION, JERVIS, and BRODIE, DRING, GORDON, and LUMINGTON, STEPHENS and COCKERELL, McDOWALL, FRASER, and HAY, D. CHRISTIAN, THOMAS FRASER, JOHN SMART, SATOR and DE MONTE, AVIET SATIN.

For the Benefit of the Military Male Asylum, and for erecting a Bridge, for the Accommodation of the Public, over the River between the House belonging to His Highness the Nabob Unshuk U Omrah, Behader, &c. and the House lately occupied by Major Hart.

Ten Thousand Tickets to be divided in Three Classes, according to the following

SCHEME.

THE FIRST CLASS,
CONSISTING OF THE FOLLOWING

PRIZES, AND
NO BLANKS:

1 Prize of	Star Pagodas 5,000
1 Ditto	1,000
1 Prize of	500 cash
15 Ditto	150
60 Ditto	50
100 Ditto	25
821 Ditto	10

Also allotted to the Last Drawn 500

4,000 Prizes in the First Class, amounting to Star Pagodas, 1,00,000

THE SECOND CLASS,
CONSISTING OF THE FOLLOWING

PRIZES, AND NO BLANKS:

1 Prize of	Star Pagodas 3,000
1 Ditto	1,000
1 Prize of	500 cash
15 Ditto	150
60 Ditto	50
100 Ditto	25
821 Ditto	10

Also allotted to the Last Drawn 500

4,000 Prizes in the Second Class, amounting to Star Pagodas, 1,00,000

THE THIRD CLASS,
CONSISTING OF THE FOLLOWING

PRIZES, AND NO BLANKS:

1 Prize of	Star Pagodas 15,000
1 Ditto	5,000
1 Prize of	1,000 cash
15 Ditto	150
60 Ditto	50
100 Ditto	25
821 Ditto	10

Also allotted to the Last Drawn 500

1,368 Prizes in the Third Class, amounting to Star Pagodas, 1,00,000

4,368 Prizes amounting to Star Pagodas, 1,00,000

10,000 Tickets, being nearly at the Rate of 1 PRIZE to 14 BLANK.

THE PRICE OF THE TICKETS.

FIRST CLASS, 7 PAGODAS.
SECOND CLASS, 15 PAGODAS.
THIRD CLASS, 17 PAGODAS.

COMPUTATION OF THE TICKETS.

10,000 Tickets at 7 Pagodas each, 70,000

Deduct 1,000 Prizes from the First Class, 7,000

Remains 9,000 Tickets, which are to be paid for at 7 Pagodas each, 63,000

Deduct 1,000 Prizes from Second Class, 15,000

Remains 7,500 Tickets, which are to be paid for at 15 Pagodas each, 112,500

1,368 Prizes from Third Class, 17,000

Remains 6,132 Tickets, which are to be paid for at 17 Pagodas each, 104,244

Total 1,00,000 Tickets, 1,00,000

SHARP and HEEFKES, Agents,
Fort St. George, March 24th, 1795.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE COURIER.

Wednesday, September 9th. 1759.

LONDON GAZETTE.

WAR OFFICE.—March 16.

His Majesty has been pleased to appoint

LIEUTENANT-COLONELS,

J. Adolphe Harris, of the 60th Foot,
Arthur Ormby, of the 6th Dragoon Guards,
Henry Reid, of the 1st Life Guards,
William John Anshin, of the 5th Life Guards,
John Francis Guck, Quarter-Master General
in Ireland,
Napier Christie Burton, of the 3d Foot Guards,
Edward Morrison, Deputy Quarter-Master General,
Sir Charles Agill, Bart. of the 16th Foot Guards,
To be COLONELS in the Army,

WAR OFFICE.—April 16 1759.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL

Hon. Charles Montagu, of the 16th Foot Guards,
to be *Adjutant-General* to the King, vice Countess, and

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL

James Pervin, of the 16th Foot Guards,
To be COLONEL in the Army.

19th Regiment of Light Dragoons.

Second Major Child, to be first Major, vice Agill, promoted, in the 16th Regiment, Edeft Captain—Sage, to be Second Major, without a Troop, vice Child.
Captain Lieut. Peterlin, to be Captain of a Troop, vice Sage. Edeft Lieut—Bailley, to be Captain Lieut. vice Peterlin—Edeft Cornet—Calicut, to be Lieut. vice Bailley.

War-Office, May 15.

His Majesty has been pleased to appoint

CAPTAINS.

Alexander Wright, of the 11th Foot,
William Monckton, of the 53d Foot,
Hon. John Vaughan, of the 8th Foot,
George L. Hamilton, of the Artillery,
Henry Ruyard, of the Engineers,
Andrew Dunford, of the Engineers,
George Hart, of the 36th Foot,
Richard Porter, of the 60th Foot,
Humphrey Dennis, of the 9th Foot,
George Glapow, of the Artillery,
George Johnston, of the 4th Foot,
Henry T. Thompson, of the Artillery,
Richard Donaldson, of the 9th Dragoons,
Abraham Duvernet, of the Artillery,
Alexander Arncliffe, of the 11th Foot,
James Butler, of the Artillery,
William Inglis, of the 37th Foot,
Henry Hamilton, of the 17th Foot,
Robert Pigot Christie, of the 42d Foot,
Alexander Grant, of the 78th Foot, 1d Battalion.

Walter Partridge, of the 17th Foot,
John Wilkes, of the Artillery,
Benjamin Fisher, of the Engineers,
David Robertson, of the 77th Foot,
James Boag, of the Artillery,
Robert Wood, of the 15th Foot,
Henry Conran, of the 53d Foot,
William Douglas, of the 7th Foot,
Matthew Jenour, of the 8th Foot,
Hugh Scott, of the 26th Foot,
James Welch, of the 16th Foot,
William Cornwallis Hall, of the 28th Foot,
Francis Lewis De Ravijes, of the Artillery,
John Parlow, of the 3d Dragoons,
William Bentham, of the Artillery,
John Parr, of the 60th Foot,
Charles Innes, of the 45th Foot,
William Frederick M. Ben, of the 6th Foot.

Nathaniel Bland, of the 47th Foot,
John Vincent, of the 49th Foot,
Thomas Nepean, of the Engineers,
William Booth, of the Engineers,
John Borthwick, of the 71st Foot,
Andrew Corbett, of the Royal Regiment of Horse Guards,

Thomas Bufford, of the 17th Foot,
William Wade, of the 3d Dragoons,
George Lewis, of the Artillery,
William Byres, of the Engineers,
William Charles Geric, of the 71st Foot,
George Smith, of the 25th Foot,
James Fenton, of the 20th Foot,
Shornborne Stewart, of the 1st Life Guard,
William Doyle, of the 24th Foot,
John Hadden, of the 17th Foot,
Gideon Sharpe, of the 17th Foot,
James Kirkman, of the 29th Foot,
William Leuchter, of the 60th Foot,
Charles Ingram, of the 60th Foot,
William Martin, of the 60th Foot,

Robert Leithbridge, of the 60th Foot,
Frederick De Chamblant, of the 60th Foot,
Richard Cooke, of the 5th Dragoons,
Richard Gabbitt, of the 66th Foot,
John Hayman, of the 88th Foot,
Patrick McCall, of the 19th Dragoons,
Henric Twiss, of the 28th Foot,
John Campbell, of the 6th Foot,
Edward Mulgrave, of the 76th Foot,
William Frederick Story, of the 77th Foot,
Alexander Cunise, of the 77th Foot,
To be MAJOR in the Army.

COVENT-GARDEN THEATRE

The PRINCESS OF WALES, made her first appearance in a public Theatre last night at this house, and, as our readers may believe, the Theatre was crowded to its utmost capacity.

The PRINCE and PRINCESS OF WALES, with their suite, arrived at the Theatre near half an hour before their Majesties. They entered their box amidst the warmest acclamations of the people, and continued standing until their Majesties' arrival. After a long continued torrent of rapturous welcome, the people, unacquainted with the etiquette, though at their Highnesses were prevented from taking their seats by continuing to stand after the shouting had ceased, some good-natured folks in the gallery called out, "Chairs, chairs." They remained in the same posture, however, till their Majesties were seated. The PRINCESS was accompanied by Lady Jersey and Lady Darnley; the PRINCE by Lord Cholmondeley and Lord Jersey. The PRINCESS was dressed in a flower dress, with pink buds and train. She wore a profusion of diamonds, the magnificent present of the Emperor.

Their Majesties were accompanied by five of the Princesses, and were also received with the usual warm demonstrations of joy, and "God save the King," with "Rule Britannia," were sung several times in the course of the evening.

Defection from the ships at Spithead has been frequent of late, that Lord Hood has concerted measures with General Cuy to prevent it. Detachments of the Militia on the Coast have received orders to take up every seafaring man who shall come on shore without a passport; and as an inducement to vigilance and activity in this service, there is a reward of forty shillings for each man.

By a letter from the Deputy Secretary at War has been sent to the Officers commanding the militia in their respective districts, that his Majesty, considering the high price of bread, has been pleased to allow an addition of nine pence per week to each private over and above the usual allowance.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Some wag, knowing, the credulity of certain definitions of words, caused it to be inserted in a Continental paper, that the Rovers, hieperians, at Paris, had put the dead bodies of the executed victims, in a state of requisition; that a Carrier for dressing *Humanities*, had been established at Meudon; and that St. Just and Barrere were the first that wore boots made out of this new manufactory.

In the debate on the Leather-Tax, the other day, the Irish House of Commons, the Chancellor of the Exchequer (Sir JOHN PARSONS) observed, with great emphasis, "That in the prosecution of the present war, every man ought to give his last guinea to protect the remainder."

Mr. VANDELURER said, that however that might be, the Tax on Leather would be severely felt by the bare-footed peasantry of Ireland.

To which Sir BOYLE ROBERTS replied, that this could be easily remedied—by making the *shoe-lathers* of wood.

Among the numerous complaints of the excessive high price of provisions, a poor Irish gentleman, when enumerating her sufferings, said, that let a woman be ever so well inclined to keep Lent, she could not do it on any moderate terms, for they sold the flour for a pudding at double price, and did not make the *Egg halves* so large as they were used to do.

Twenty Companies and six Field Officers are immediately to be added to the Marines. It is certainly full time that something were done for this meritorious Corps.

Four separate grand Trains of Artillery are now getting ready at the Tower for different parts of the kingdom.

The quota of men for the county of Middlesex was completely raised, and on board ship before the 22d inst.

If Admiral Hordern has been joined by the Spanish Squadron, of which we think little doubt need be entertained, he will be fully equal to the French Fleet, even after joined by the detachment from *Briff*.

The terms that CHARLES made in his Treaty with the French Republic, are the best proof of his strength. Should the Republic have broke with him again, it is probable that his force will be much increased by such proof having been so publicly established.

The son and daughter of the late KING OF FRANCE, it is said, will be delivered to Spain, by virtue of the Treaty of Peace, now negotiating between the two Countries.

LONDON.

Wednesday, May, 20.

The mails, which have arrived this morning, bring us the following particulars of the action between the Austrians and French.

General CHARLES's army was put in motion yesterday. At four o'clock in the morning, a heavy cannonade was heard in the direction of Mantz, proceeding from several points: it lasted without intermission till eleven in the morning. The Austrians having been reinforced the evening before by several corps of cavalry and infantry, attack on the French near Hardenberg, and drove them into Mumbach, where they established themselves, after a very fierce action. Three or four guns and several prisoners taken from the French, have been carried into Mantz.

By the action of the 30th ult. the Austrians succeeded in relieving Hardenberg, and in throwing up fresh entrenchments for its security. In the afternoon, the French attempted to recover the ground they had lost. All their efforts were, however, unavailing, and on this occasion they lost a great number of men by the discharges of musketry: those who were not thus taken off, were either dispatched by the sabres of the cavalry, or made prisoners. In killed, wounded, and prisoners, their loss is estimated at nearly 2000 men. During the action they threw several shells into Mantz; by which four of five houses were damaged.

The total loss of the Austrians is estimated at 300 men killed and wounded: among these four officers were killed and 23 wounded: of the latter, four died the following day. The Regiment of Klebeck alone had 180 men killed and wounded. The French, apprehensive that the Austrians may attempt to cross the Rhine near Mantz, have conveyed thither a strong force, with artillery; and this has made a very important diversion."

DECLARATION

OF HIS PRUSSIAN MAJESTY.

Berlin, May 18.

"After having announced the conclusion of the Treaty of Peace of the 30th of last month, between PRUSSIA and FRANCE, his Majesty proceeds to state his sentiments and wishes, concerning this Treaty, and the motives which have led him to its conclusion.

"He observes, that as he had entered into the War from a pure zeal for the public weal, and from religious patriotism, his sentiments had remained in the same state of purity during the whole course of it without selfish views, (he says), he has made the utmost exertions, which the resources of Prussia admit, to reduce Germany from the dangers of utter ruin, with which it was threatened by a powerful and enterprising enemy, to check the victorious progress of COVENTRY, to recapture Mantz and Frankfurt, to cover the greatest part of the Rhine during three bloody campaigns; and lastly, when after a long uninterrupted series of disastrous events, not only the Austrian Low Countries, but also the United Netherlands were lost, to save and protect, besides his own Westphalian dominions, the whole circle of Westphalia, and the North of Germany.

"These exertions, however, could not be left continued with the sole forces of Prussia, as

the Revolution of Poland obliged his Majesty to carry on another expensive war in that quarter, and he should therefore have been obliged to withdraw from the Rhine the greater part of his army in the beginning of last year, had not at that time, when the Ministers of the Germanic Body, with marks of indifference and disapprobation, received his application for assistance. Great Britain made offers of subsidies, which he accepted, and continued to fight the battles of Germany. Yet their subsidies, which could not be considered but as a very inconsiderable support, had scarce begun to be paid, when they ceased altogether; and the whole burden of the war fell again on his Majesty's shoulders.

"At that period, no doubt, the whole posture of affairs turned his Majesty to necessary measures, and yet he remained, at his sole expence, the defender of the German Empire. But these immense facilities having at last entirely exhausted the resources of the Prussian dominions, the extraordinary expence of the recapture of Mantz, not being refunded by the other German States, the defection of Holland having considerably lessened the means of defeating the enemy, and opened the most defenceless part of the Empire to the great variety of its component parts, notwithstanding its armament had been raised to quinable contingents, could afford but very slender means of defence; and the end of the last campaign having been unfortunate in the extreme, whilst the enemy, from the ruins of the most horrid desolation and anarchy, arose in France, a more liberal Government of Moderation, disposed for Peace, every motive of humanity, policy, and self-preservation, must, of necessity, open his Majesty's heart to the earnest desire of restoring peace and tranquillity to his own dominions, as well as to the whole German Empire; several Members and whole circles of which, had requested his Majesty, in concert with his Imperial Majesty, to procure to the Empire such a peace, as should lay a very solid basis to the future tranquillity of Europe. Although this request had been sanctioned by the well-known *confession* of the Empire, yet it had produced neither the necessary introduction of the Supreme Chief of the Empire, nor a proper concert with his Prussian Majesty, but on the contrary, the great variety of calls upon to furnish their contingents of troops for another year, and they were, of course to remain involved in all the difficulties of this destructive war.

"Under these circumstances, bound in duty not to expose any longer his own dominions to utter ruin, by continuing a war, the most favorable issue of which could not equal the advantages arising from an immediate peace, he had opened negotiations, and in the month of May, 1795, he had terminated in the conclusion of the Treaty of the 30th of last month, wherein, confiding not his own interest alone, but also that of the whole German Empire, he had taken care to pave the way to Peace for all Members, who should within the next three months ratify themselves of the favourable stipulation, which on this account had been inferred in this Treaty. Not satisfied with this measure, his Majesty had also caused by a separate agreement a line of neutrality to be drawn for all Northern Germany, calculated to put a period to all military operations in that quarter, and to ensure the safety and tranquillity of all countries, situated beyond that line, on condition of their refraining from all acts of hostility on their part, and he was ready to support in the most effectual manner the wish of all those Members of the Germanic Body, who should desire the return of Peace, and for this purpose address themselves to the National Convention of France. But as his Majesty must leave this to the consideration of his co-states, he for his own part found himself obliged to declare, that in case the war should be continued by the German Empire, he was bound by his Treaty to abstain from all participation in it by furnishing either contingents of troops, or supplies of money, and to keep up the strictest and most punctilious neutrality."

*About £. 348,000 sterling.

ARRIVALS.

Sep. 2d H. C. Ship Minerva Capt. Smith
London—H. C. Ship Hillsborough, Hunt
London—H. C. Ship Francis, Barrow
London—Ship Gloucester, Clifton Trinculo
11—A P. to His Majesty's Ship Suffolk
—Sep. 2d Ship Anna Capt. Haldane Calcutta—Ship Bombay Robertson P. Penang
—11th Snow John Packet Capt. Hercules Trincomalee—Snow Catherine Vheaden Malakapam—Ship Anna Capt. Southward, H. of France—Snow Peggy Roper Pondicherry.

DEPARTURES.

Sep. 1st Ship Grand Para Capt. C. M'Delliv Bengal—2d Ship Port Phillip Bengal—Snow Jackall Capt. Mc Donald Malakapam—4th Ship Bombay Robertson Trincomalee—Schooner Mercury England Pondicherry—5th Ship 11 Trincomalee Cordan Bengal—7th Ship Cleopatra Cavan ditto.